

Development of a Wind-Tunnel for Spinning

Body Using Magnetic Suspension

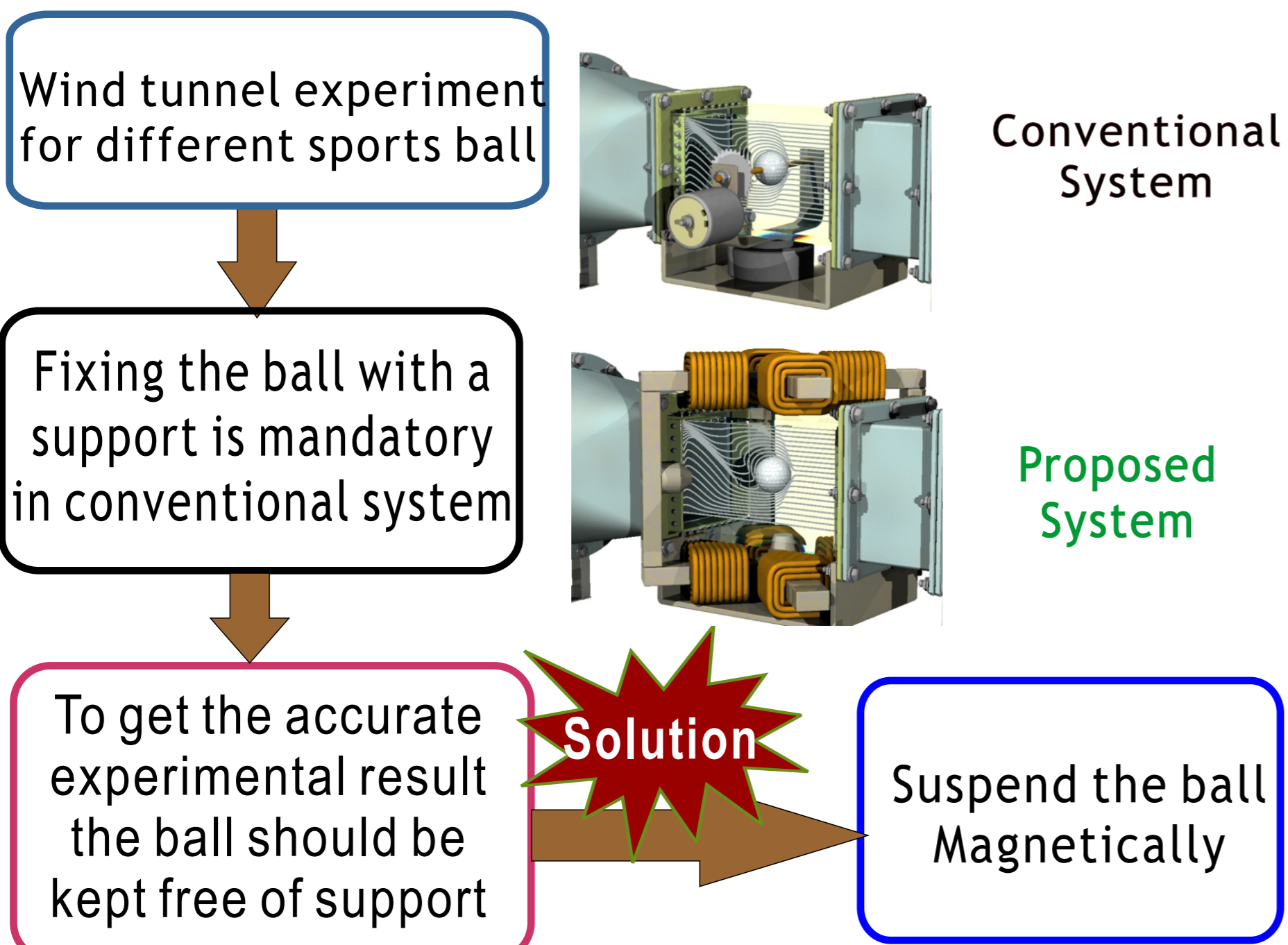
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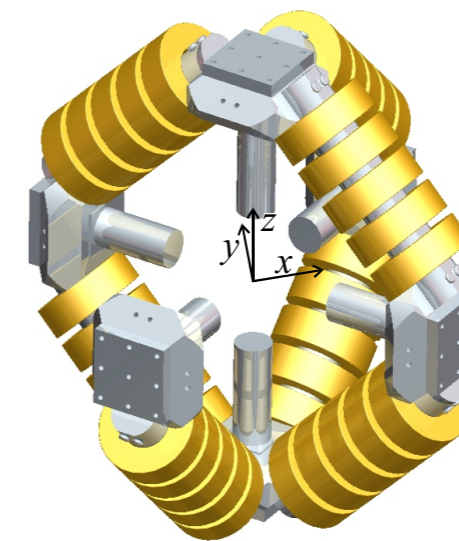
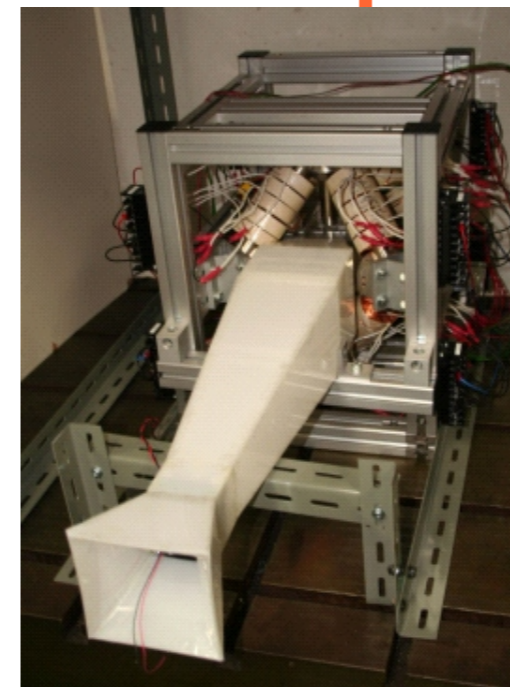
Abstract

A wind tunnel system for a spinning body has been designed for the measurement of the hydrodynamic forces acting on the body. The body was successfully suspended and rotated by electromagnets. For further development and control, it is important to understand the exact magnetic flux distribution inside the system as well as the variation of the force with the increase of the current. The magnetic flux distribution and magnetic force acting on the suspended object are obtained. The magnetic flux densities are analyzed for the variation of current in electromagnets. Experimental results support the results obtained by numerical analysis.

Introduction



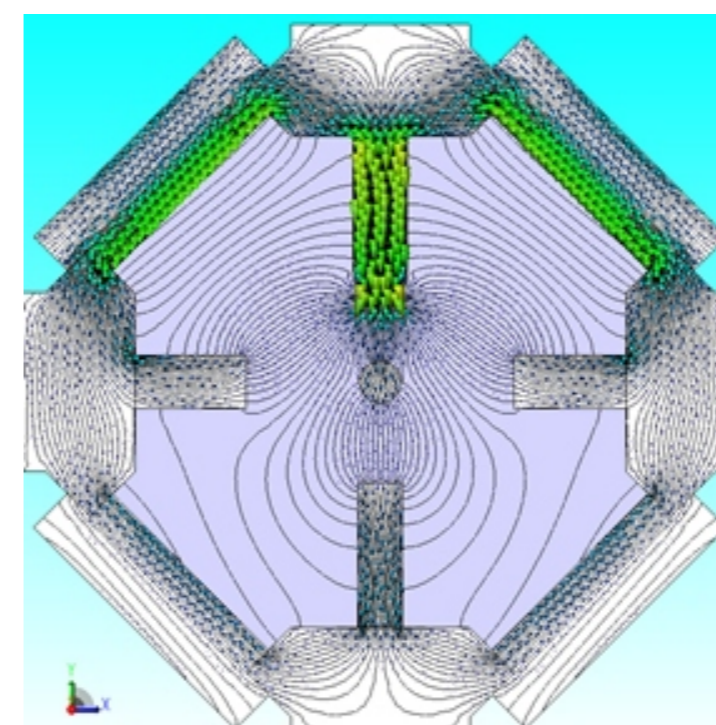
Experimental Apparatus



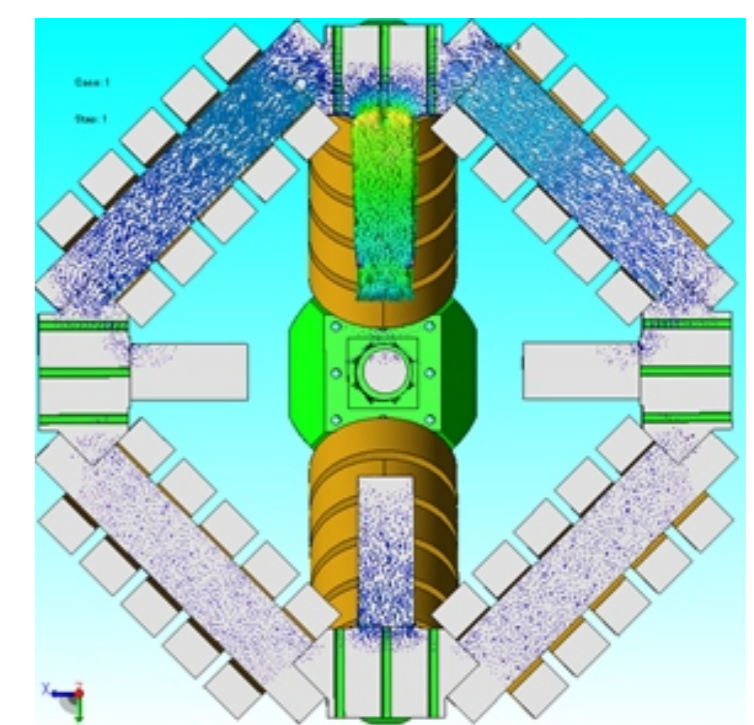
Electromagnet
 Total 8 sets of electromagnets each contains 5 windings
 Wire Diameter: 1 [mm]
 Number of Turns: 300

Electromagnetic Analysis

Magnetic flux flow pattern

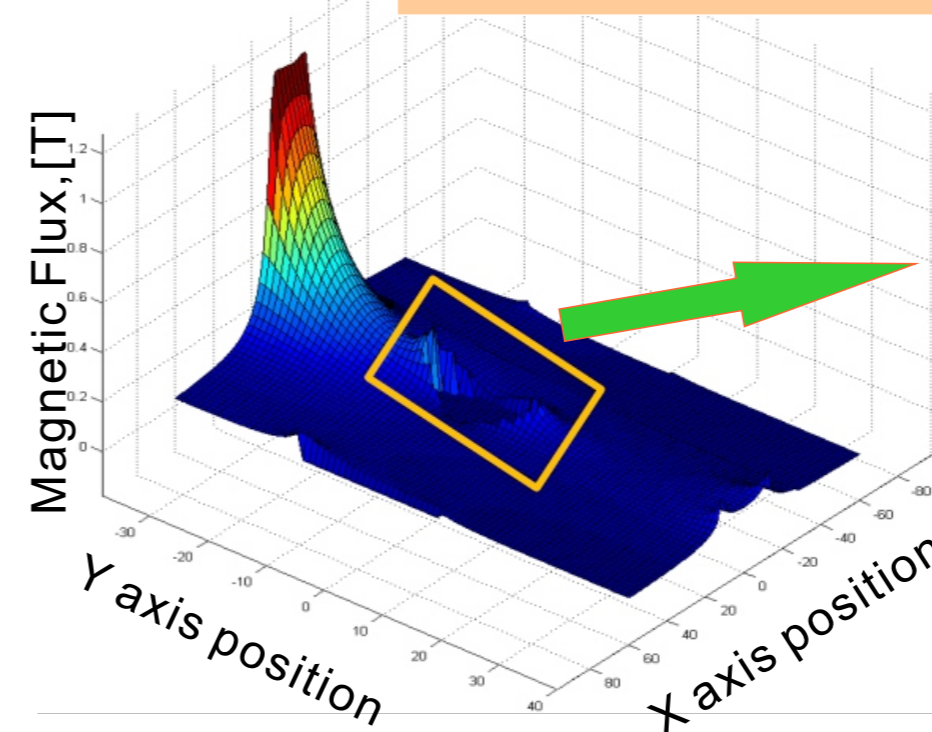


2D analysis



3D analysis

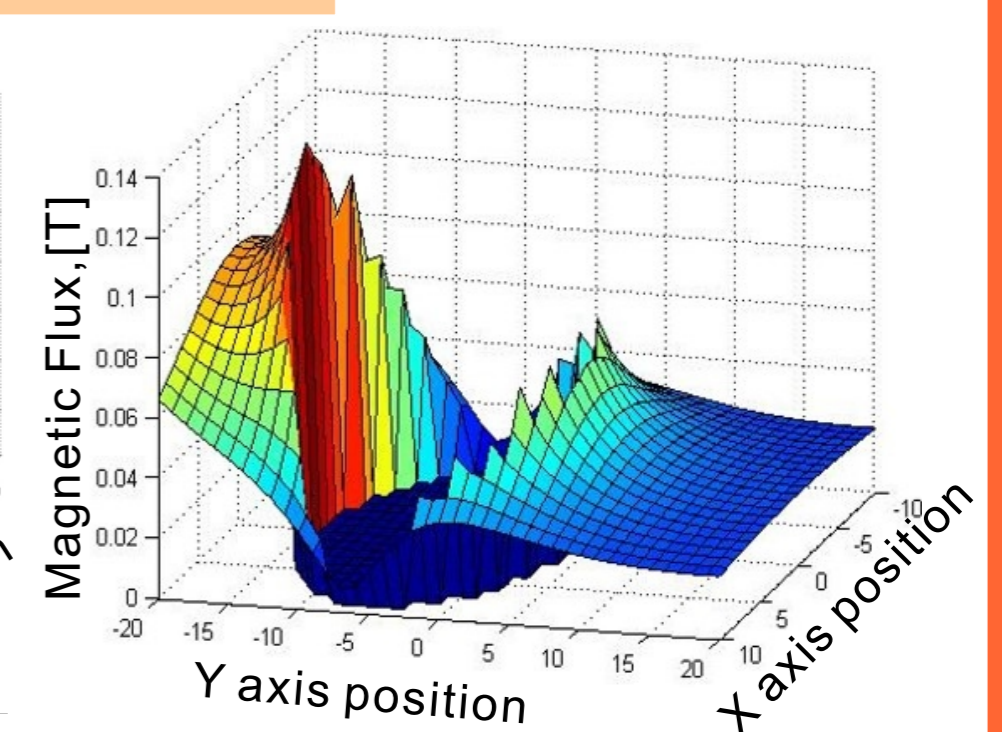
Magnetic flux distribution



Magnetic Flux, [T]

Y axis position

X axis position

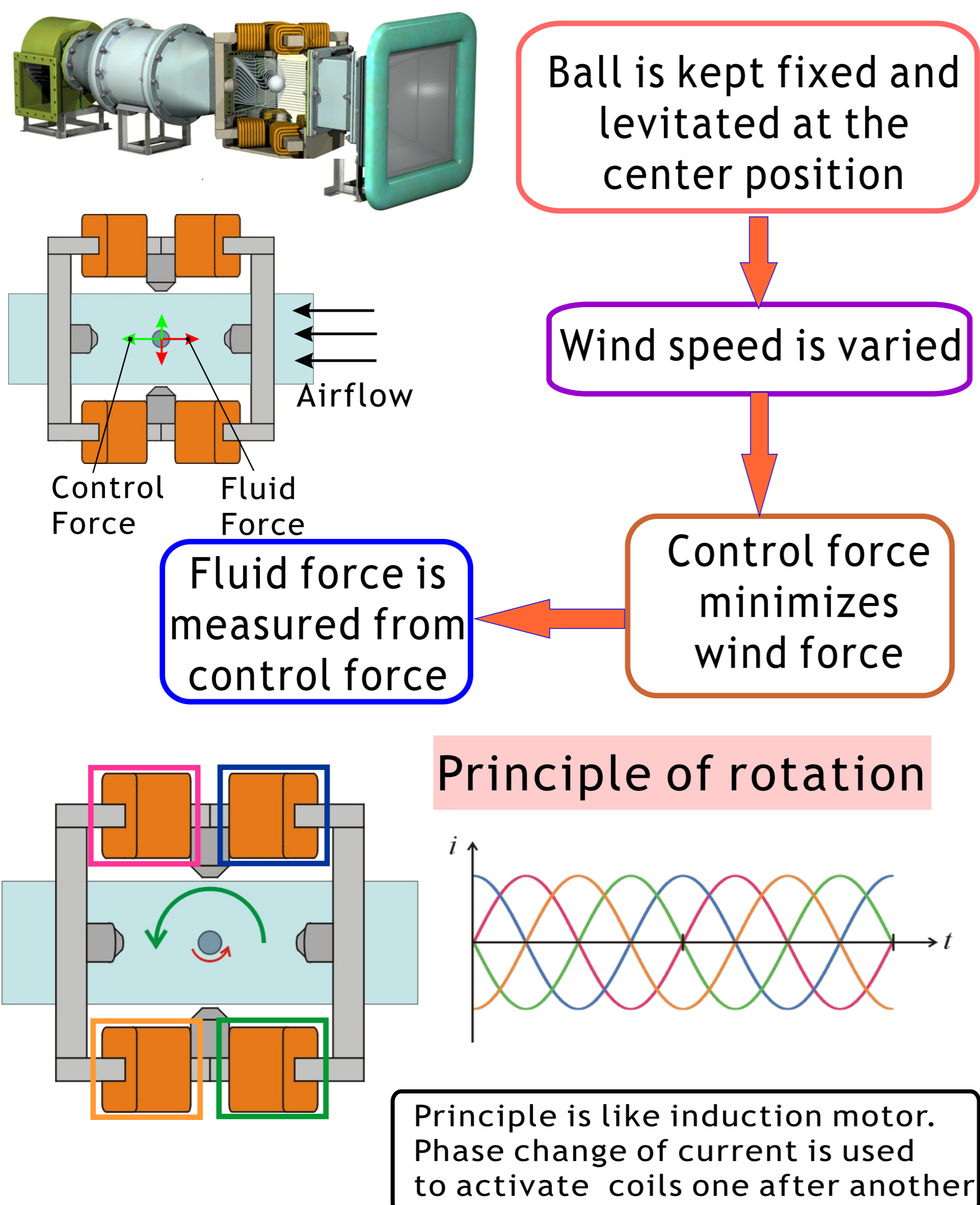


Magnetic Flux, [T]

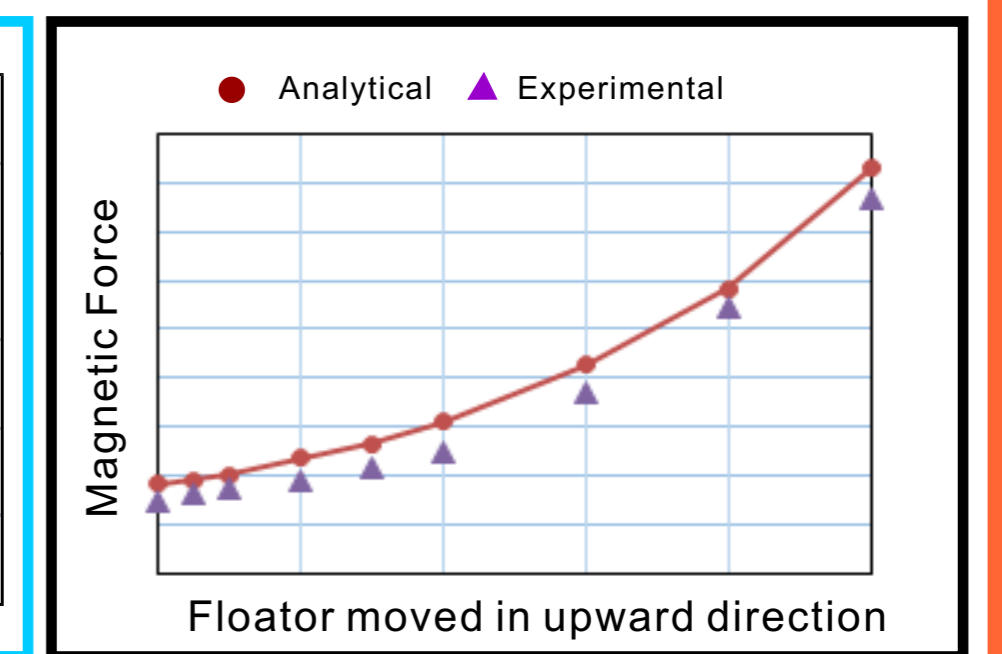
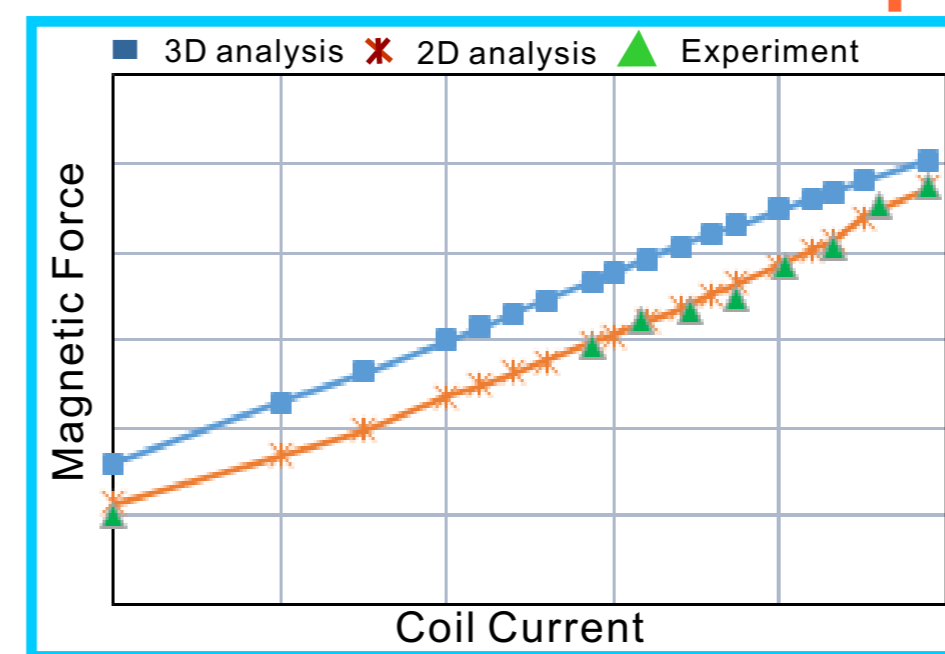
Y axis position

X axis position

Principle



Comparison



Future Plan

Development of a new setup where 100X100 mm wind tunnel can be placed for getting accurate aerodynamic characteristics